Investing in Africa

If a financial adviser offered you a chance to invest in a country that expected economic growth of 6% or 7% a year for the next two decades, in all likelihood you would jump with joy at the prospect. Yet the moment you found out that country was in sub-Saharan Africa, your enthusiasm would most probably die down. With the Ebola virus killing the populations and economies of several West African countries, and armed conflicts taking a terrible death toll in Nigeria, Kenya and other nations, Africa continually generates the kind of headlines that make Westerners queasy. In the U.S. alone the continent barely appears on investors' radar screens. According to estimates, only about 0.3% of the average portfolio in the U.S. - just \$3 out of every \$1,000 - is invested in Africa. But more fund managers and economists believe it's high time for that to change. With a lot of factors falling into place simultaneously, namely: rapid economic growth, unprecedented political stability, and a young and increasingly middle-class population, Africa could be expecting a promising upturn. Africa offers an opportunity to reap a better return than they would in the "old" emerging markets - an opportunity to cash on greater growth than they can expect from, for instance, the BRICS or the MINT regions. While economic growth and a rising stock market don't always occur in tandem, some investors see the two creating a virtuous cycle in Africa.

The International Monetary Fund estimated that the real GDP of sub-Saharan Africa as a whole grew by 5.8% in 2015 as foreign investments in natural resources, increased public spending on infrastructure and better agricultural production combined to help local economies accelerate. Those are the kind of growth numbers that developed economies, and even other emerging markets, can only envy. The IMF in its most recent World Economic Outlook estimated that the U.S. economy expanded by 3.1% in 2015, while the euro area produced growth of only around 1.3%.

Favorable demography is helping to drive Africa's growth. With the youngest population in the world, the region is in the economically fortunate situation of having a lot of people entering the workforce and very few retired people. In that sense it's the opposite of Germany and Japan, where large populations of retirees are becoming a brake to economic growth. In the most thriving African economies, as the workforce expands, economists expect demographics to drive higher demand for services, goods, housing and infrastructure, which in turn will help drive domestic economies.

With the global population expected to increase to 9.6 billion people by 2050, from a little over 7 billion today, concerns about future food shortages have found their way to the international debate. The United Nations estimates that by 2030, global food demand will have increased by 50%, increasing the need for greater food production. Africa is in a unique position to help solve the problem, and to profit from doing so. The continent holds around 50% of the world's uncultivated land that's arable (that is, suitable for growing crops). The World Bank estimated in 2013 that African farmers and agribusiness could develop a trillion-dollar food industry by 2030–compared with \$313 billion in 2010–if they started putting more of that land to use.

Ex. 1 Find the words or expressions in the text which mean the following:

1) to cause sb to feel uneasy:
2) next to nothing:
3) a collection of one's investments:
4) quick:
5) sth that has never happened before:
6) Brasil, Russia, India, China, South Africa:
7) Mexico, Indonesia, Nigeria, Turkey:
8) to move faster:
9) to want sth that sb else has:
10)a person who no longer works due to old age:
11)when people want to buy sth:
12)one of a kind:

Ex. 2 Match the expressions from the two columns into logical collocations:

1) a financial to the economy

2) in all a return

3) to generate spending

4) to fall resources

5) a promising likelihood

6) to reap into place

7) natural adviser

8) public upturn

9) a brake economies

10)domestic headlines

Ex. 3 Provide English equivalents of these expressions:

 wzrost gospodarczy 	7) korzystna sytuacja

2) czyjś entuzjazm opadł demograficzna

3) oszacowanie 8) stymulować wzrost

4) zarobić na czymś 9) brak pożywienia

5) jednocześnie 10)być w stanie pomóc

6) pozytywna ścieżka rozwoju 11)plony

12)uprawne

Grammar corner...

In the text you found some projections and predictions about the future, more precisely what will happen when a particular time in the future comes. The way to talk about it is called Future Perfect (also Continuous) and it tells us about what WILL HAVE BEEN DONE / HAPPENED at a point in the future or before it. Usually Future Perfect (also Continuous) sentences start like this: by the time I ..., I will have finished ..., on October 30, I will have been working for this company for 5 years.

Ex. 4 Rewrite the sentences so that the meaning stays the same but you use either Future Perfect or Future Perfect Continuous.

1)	Our tenth wedding anniversary is on June 7, 2017. \Rightarrow We
	for 10 years on June 7, 2017.
2)	My report will be done today at 17 p.m. => I my report today at 17 p.m.
3)	Next week is 30 years since I started running this business. => I this business for 30 years next week.
4)	If you don't hurry up, all the best food will be eaten. => They all the best food by the time we get there.
5)	If ratings continue being so low, the president will hand in his resignation at the end of his term. => With ratings so low, the president
	by the end of his term

GLOSSARY	
to make sb queasy	przyprawiać kogoś o mdłości
barely	zaledwie
a portfolio	portfel (np. inwestycji)
rapid	szybki
unprecedented	bezprecedensowy
to generate headlines	być źródłem nagłówków
to fall into place	układać się w całość
a promising upturn	obiecujący wzrost
to reap a return	otrzymać zwrot (np. z inwestycji)
natural resources	zasoby naturalne
public spending	wydatki z budżetu państwa
a brake to economic growth	czynnik hamujący wzrost gospodarczy
domestic economies	rodzime gospodarki
sb's enthusiasm died down	czyjś entuzjazm opadł
an estimate	oszacowanie / prognoza
to cash on sth	zarobić na czymś
in tandem	jednocześnie
virtuous cycle	pozytywna ścieżka rozwoju
favourable demography	korzystna sytuacja demograficzna
to drive growth	stymulować wzrost
food shortage	brak pożywienia
to be in a position to help	być w stanie pomóc
crops	plony
arable	uprawne
to jump at a prospect	chętnie skorzystać z okazji
to take a death toll	zebrać śmiertelne żniwo
simultaneously	w tym samym czasie
a concern about sth	powód do zmartwienia czymś

ANSWER KEY:

Ex. 1

- 1) to make sb queasy
- 2) barely
- 3) a portfolio
- 4) rapid
- 5) unprecedented
- 6) BRICS
- 7) MINT
- 8) to accelerate
- 9) to envy sb sth
- 10)a retiree
- 11)demand for sth
- 12)unique

Ex. 2

- 1) a financial adviser
- 2) in all likelihood
- 3) to generate headlines
- 4) to fall into place
- 5) a promising upturn
- 6) to reap a return
- 7) natural resources
- 8) public spending
- 9) a brake on economic growth
- 10)domestic economies

Ex. 3

- 1) economic growth
- 2) sb's enthusiasm died down
- 3) an estimate
- 4) to cash on sth
- 5) in tandem
- 6) virtuous cycle
- 7) favourable demography
- 8) to drive growth
- 9) food shortage
- 10)to be in a position to help
- 11)crops
- 12) arable

Ex. 4

- 1) will have been married
- 2) will have finished
- 3) will have been running
- 4) will have eaten
- 5) will have resigned