

EPISODE 49  
LEVEL A1.2/A2.1

READING COMPREHENSION



ON THE PLANE

Let's continue our lessons about air travel. When we **board** (= get on) the plane, we are greeted by **flight attendants** (= stewards and stewardesses) who help us find our seat. Everybody must remember to put their **hand luggage** (= luggage we can take with us on board) in the **overhead locker** (= a special cupboard where we keep our bags during the flight) and **fasten** (= fix together) **their seatbelts** when a plane **takes off** (= leaves the ground). It is very important to be safe on the plane. If there are some problems during the **flight** (= a trip by plane), the plane can be **delayed** (= late). Before the plane **lands**, we need to fasten our seatbelts again and **put our seat in the upright position** (= a position in which we can only sit). Now we are ready to finish our flight safely.



More contexts for the new words:

- This is **private land**. Keep away!  
(= This area belongs to a private person)
- We have no time for **delay**!  
(= We cannot be late)



EXERCISE 1

Use the words from the text to complete the sentences.

1. If you want a drink on the flight, you have to call the flight .....
2. Please put your seat in the ..... position before we land.
3. I will take the camera with me on the plane – as ..... luggage.
4. Please fasten your .....
5. The plane is ready to take ..... – it will leave the ground any minute now.
6. Please put your bags in the overhead .....



### EXERCISE 2

Match phrases from the two columns to make questions and then answer them.

- |                                 |                               |
|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 1. Do you always fasten         | a. takes off?                 |
| 2. How much hand luggage        | b. your seatbelts on a plane? |
| 3. Are you worried when a plane | c. a flight is delayed?       |
| 4. How do you feel when         | d. do you usually have?       |

### ENGLISH IN USE



Let's look again at **PASSIVE VOICE** with a modal verb. We already know that in this case we need a modal verb, "be" and a past participle.

Now look at a sentence from the text and some more examples:

*The plane **can be delayed**.*

*Tea **can be drunk** hot or cold.*

*In Poland water **can't be drunk** from a tap.*

### IDIOM CLOSE-UP



*A/ Do you like Paulo Coelho's books?*

*B/ No, not really, too many **FLIGHTS OF FANCY**.*

A **flight of fancy** (or a **flight of imagination**) is an idea that is unusual and exciting or fun, but silly or not practical.

### PHRASAL VERBS CLOSE-UP



1. If something **GETS** you **DOWN**, it makes you feel worried or depressed.

*It really **gets me down** when a plane is delayed.*

*Take-offs always **get me down**.*

2. If something **CHEERS** you **UP**, it makes you feel happy, especially when before that you felt sad.

*If I'm **fed up** with work, travelling to a hot country always **cheers me up**.*

*You look so depressed! Have a chocolate – it will surely **cheer you up**!*



### EXERCISE 3

Complete the conversation with words from the idiom/phrasal verbs you're learned.

Anna: How are you feeling?

Bob: Oh, terrible. Travelling by plane always gets me (1).....

A: Oh, that's too bad. Here, try this muffin I've made. It will surely cheer you (2).....

B: What's that? A muffin with bananas and tomatoes? What a strange idea!

A: Yes, well, just a flight of (3)....., I suppose.

## NEWS



### NO TOILETS

One of the cheap airlines has announced recently that, in an attempt to **maximize profits** and increase the number of seats that can fit on a plane, they are considering **getting rid of** toilets on their planes. As a result, eight more passengers might be able to travel on each of the **altered** machines. The airline **spokesperson** assures the travelers that only short-distance flights will be affected, as most people are able to hold their biological needs for an hour or so. So, don't drink too much before the flight!

### GLOSSARY

- **to maximize profits** – to make more money
- **to get rid of sth** – to throw sth away
- **altered** – changed
- **a spokesperson** – a person whose job it is to talk to the media

## KEY TO EXERCISES

### Ex.1

1. attendant
2. upright
3. hand
4. seatbelts
5. off
6. locker

2. d
3. a
4. c

### Ex.3

1. down
2. up
3. fancy/ imagination

### Ex.2

1. b