

EPISODE 19 LEVEL A1.2/A2.1

READING COMPREHENSION







Many people say that in the past we used to be healthier because we had more time to eat a proper breakfast, lunch and dinner.

It is very difficult to have a balanced diet (= to eat a combination of the right food) nowadays. We live in such a hurry that we don't have much time to think about good food and as a result we eat too much junk food (= fast food); we like having a quick snack (= something sweet to eat) every now and then and our meals (= breakfast, lunch and dinner) are too heavy (= they have too many calories).

Specialists say that to stay healthy we should **eat a low-calorie diet** with three quarters of **plant food** (= fruit and vegetables) and one quarter of **animal food** (= for example meat). They sometimes recommend **organic** (= naturally grown) **food**, but it is still rather expensive, so not everybody can afford it.

More contexts for the new words:

- Frozen fruit and vegetables are very popular in winter.
 (= fruit and vegetables kept in the temperature below zero)
- We often buy **tinned** corn or peas to make tuna salad. (= Corn or peas kept in a metal box)



EXERCISE 1

Complete the sentences.

1. Can you buy so	me	corn? I want to mak	ke a salad.	
2. I eat different k	inds of healthy food	. I have a	diet	.
3	carrots are more e	xnensive than norm	al carrots	hut you car

3. carrots are more expensive than normal carrots, but you can be sure they are 100% natural.

4. I have my at regular times: breakfast at 7, lunch at 1, dinner at 6.

5. I'm a vegetarian. I don't eat animal food, I only eat food.

6. In winter it's hard to buy fresh vegetables, but you can always buy them and keep them in the freezer.

7. I often go to MacDonald's, so I eat a lot of food.



EXERCISE 2

Match phrases from the two columns to make questions and then answer them.

1. Do you buy organic a. diet? What makes you think so?

2. Do you have a balanced b. eat junk food?

3. How often do you c. food? Why/ why not?

4. When did you last have a low-

d. calorie diet? Why?

ENGLISH IN USE



Let's look again at the first sentence from the text:

... we **used to be** healthier because we had more time to eat proper ...

When we use "**USED TO,**" we talk about an action which was our habit, but it is not anymore. We say that we did these things regularly in the past, but we don't do them now.

I **used to eat** a lot of ice-cream as a child.
I **used to ride** a bike when I was younger.
I **used to drink** milk every evening when I stayed with my grandparents.

IDIOM CLOSE-UP



A/ Have the Joneses bought a new car?

B/ Are you kidding? After Mr Jones lost his job, they are LIVING ON THE BREADLINE.

If you **live on the breadline**, you are extremely poor.

PHRASAL VERBS CLOSE-UP



1. When you CHOP something UP, you cut it into pieces, usually with several sharp blows.

She **chopped** the onion **up** into small cubes. **Chop up** the carrots, will you?

2. When you EAT something UP, you eat until everything is finished.

Come on, kinds, **eat up** your vegetables! She **ate** everything **up**.



EXERCISE 3

Complete the text with words from the idiom/phrasal verbs you're learned.

NEWS



EATING DISORDERS

Anorexia and bulimia are two of the most frequent **eating disorders** that are popular in today's world. In anorexia, you **refuse** to eat large quantities of food, or you refuse to eat at all. In bulimia, in turn, you do eat a lot, but you try to compensate for the food **intake** by vomiting or exercising excessively. Popular culture is often blamed for leading teenagers into these disorders. When young girls see supermodels on the **catwalk**, all of them extremely **skinny**, they feel the need to go on a strict diet and look like them. Sadly, many of these diets result in anorexia and bulimia.

GLOSSARY

- eating disorder a mental illness in which people eat far too little or far too much food and are unhappy with their bodies
- refuse to say that you will not do something
- intake consumption
- catwalk the long, narrow stage that models walk along in a fashion show
- **skinny** extremely thin

KEY TO EXERCISES

Ex.1

- 1. tinned
- 2. balanced
- 3. organic
- 4. meals
- 5. plant
- 6. frozen
- 7. junk

Ex.2

- 1. c
- 2. a
- 3. b
- 4. d

Ex.3

- 1. up
- 2. up
- 3. breadline